

PATRIOTIC SOCIETY OBSERVES HOLIDAY

Order of Washington Gives Banquet at the Cairo.

MR. IRWIN DELIVERS EULOGY

Asserts Washington Contributed Largely to Human Liberty and Made Possible an Abraham Lincoln and Other Great Men of the Nation He Established by His Victories.

The life and deeds of George Washington were eulogized at the annual banquet of the Order of Washington in the Cairo last night. Men prominent in politics, medicine, and military and civilian life sat about the festal board and paid tribute to the life of the "Father of His Country." Gen. Marcus J. Wright, one of the brigadier generals of the Confederate army, and vice commander of the society, acted as toastmaster.

Former Representative Harvey S. Irwin, of Louisville, responded to "Gen. Washington," and Dr. J. G. B. Bulloch, member of the Bulloch family, of Roswell, Ga., and cousin of President Roosevelt, spoke on "The Order of Washington: A Society of Chivalry." Dr. Bulloch is chancellor and historian of the organization.

The dinner was served in the banquet hall, and at each place American flags were placed. When the banqueters sat down these flags were pinned to their lapels.

Introduced the Speaker.
Gen. Wright introduced former Representative Irwin, who delivered a eulogy on Washington.

"I am proud," he said, "to offer my tribute to the memory of that great man whose 177th anniversary of birth we are to-day commemorating."

"It would be interesting to note and compare the conditions of life now with those existing when his eyes first opened upon the world in which he was to become one of its most striking figures. The telephone, the telegraph, the 'radio,' and a thousand other achievements of science so indispensable to modern life were then unknown. But brains, genius, nobility of character are superior to environments, and stand forth as stalwart, sun-crowned kings over the world, rather, over circumstance and surroundings, and make their imperishable mark on the world's destiny."

"It is to only one achievement that I shall call your attention, as contributing so largely to his undying fame, and that is, to what he did in the interest of human liberty. Mark the spots where men gave up their lives in torture to vindicate the integrity of their souls; and sufferings which have found no record, and imagine, if you can, the whole. Liberty has cost more than all these. The splendor of Washington's victory and of his whole life was that he accomplished so much in the interests of this priceless treasure—human liberty. Not so much what he did during his lifetime as to what he set in motion for all the ages to come."

Liberation of Colonies.
"In the liberation of the colonies and in the formation of the republic, he started the mightiest force in all the world for the advancement and entrenchment of liberty in the hearts of and in the governments of men."

"Had Washington and his comrades failed in the establishment of this great nation there would have been no place for an Abraham Lincoln to immortalize his name in the further achievements for the cause of human freedom."

Dr. Bulloch, the chancellor, was then introduced. After telling of the history of the order, which was founded in 1888, Dr. Bulloch declared that such a society of chivalry does not exist anywhere else. "This is a society of chivalry," he said, "composed of gentlemen whose ancestors aided in founding this great country, and is a hereditary order as honorable as any for its requirements are of such a nature that one must be well born ere he can become a member."

In closing, Dr. Bulloch urged his hearers to be faithful to the nation. He declared there is no danger of the United States forming an alliance and overrunning the world. "Let us be warned," he said, "and look toward the handwriting on the wall, and correctly interpret 'Mene, Mene, Tekel, Upharsin.'"

Officers and Members.
The officers and members of the Order of Washington are:

Charles C. Rogers, commander; Gen. Marcus J. Wright, vice commander; Mr. Ethelbert Fairfax, second vice commander; Dr. J. G. B. Bulloch, chancellor and historian; Dr. Charles H. Bowker, secretary; Mr. Howard P. Wright, treasurer; Mr. Cuthbert Brown, herald; Mr. William M. Conrad, registrar; Dr. Middleton F. Cuthbert, Mr. Eugene Baylor, Lieut. Col. I. W. Little, Mr. William Gaston Bulloch, Admiral Stockton, U. S. N.; Mr. Armistead Baylor, Mr. Edwin Allison Hill, Mr. Douglas L. Bulloch, Mr. E. Mason Ball, Capt. Philip Walker, U. S. A.; Mr. Henry F. Sawtelle, Mr. Lucius M. Cuthbert, Capt. J. B. Schindler, U. S. A.; Col. G. Noble Jones, Mr. Hart P. Grigsby, Hon. M. H. Bowler, Judge E. M. Bowker, Mr. George W. Brown, Dr. Francis J. Woodman, Mr. Josiah Bedon, Mr. J. M. Poulain, and Mr. Henry P. Holden.

Capt. Atwood Whitshire and Mr. Welch were guests of the order.

To Sing Handel's "Creation."
Handel's "Creation," to be sung by the Washington Choral Union at Masonic Temple to-night, has an advance sale which argues well for the popularity of the old oratorio. The chorus is well trained, and has 150 voices, while the orchestra has forty pieces. The soloists are Mrs. Anna Grant Fugitt, Harry Stevens, and Walter Humphrey.

TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY
Take LAXATIVE BROWN Quinine Tablets. Druggists without account if it fails to cure. E. W. GROVE'S Signature is on each box. 25c.

LOCAL BRIEFS.
Going to the home lunch room of Jesse Ware, a negro, to serve an attachment for non-support issued by Judge De Lacy, of the juvenile court, a policeman found creep on the door and an undertaker's wagon in front of the house. Ware left Sunday night.

Funeral services for Robert S. Collins, a lifelong resident of Georgetown, who died Saturday, will be held this morning at 9 o'clock in Trinity Catholic Church. Prior to the mass burial service will be held at the home of Samuel H. Collins, a brother, 1375 Third-street northwest. Interment will be in Holy Hood Cemetery.

Claiming to be an inspector of the District Water Department, a man whom the police here to be a professional sneak thief, called at 203 Eighteenth street northwest and 245 Eighteenth street yesterday afternoon, and told the occupants he had been sent to examine the meters. He was refused admittance.

William J. Rogers, in the Police Court yesterday morning, waived preliminary hearing and pleaded guilty to a charge of embezzling \$12 from the Board of Children's Guardians. He was held in \$500 bond to await the action of the grand jury.

DEUTSCHE. Vergesset nicht an der Inauguration des Parades theilzunehmen.

GOMPERS IS LAUDED.

Central Labor Union Passes Resolution Controversial Reports.

Action in the form of a resolution, condemning a statement made by a Washington paper that President Samuel Gompers, of the American Federation of Labor, did not show due respect to the local body at a recent smoker held by the union men, at which he had been invited to make an address, was taken by the Washington Central Labor Union at its regular weekly meeting held last night at Typographical Temple.

The resolution reads: "Resolved, That the Central Labor Union of the District of Columbia extend to President Gompers its sincere thanks for his presence on that occasion, and notwithstanding the newspaper comments to the contrary, we hereby pledge our sincere support and manifest our confidence in his loyalty to the labor movement in general, and particularly his deep interest in the central body of the District."

An impressive event of the evening was a visit of Chief Eufaula Harjo and Chief Taxicochie, with their interpreter, John Smith, representing the tribes of the Four Nations. They presented the grievances which they have against the government before the body, in the hope that the influence of organized labor might be brought to bear on behalf of the cause which they represent.

TRIBUTE BY CHURCH

Calvary Baptist Congregation Honors Washington.

Colonial Days and the Minuet Depicted by Masters and Maids of the Sunday School, Interpersed with Verse and Views Showing Evolutions of the American Flag.

HIS LIFE SHOWN IN PICTURES

If a youth of to-day wished to celebrate George Washington's birthday as he himself would have celebrated it, a trip to the reception in Calvary Baptist Church last night would have gratified the desire.

From out of the past brilliant tableaux were formed, beautiful scenes were created, and charming illusions made to appeal to the imagination. The glories of the Revolution were brought to earth in this prosy old twentieth century, and all the exquisite delights of the forefathers were experienced.

More than 150 members of the Sunday school, masters and maids, learned anew the ancient etiquette of colonial days, courted to one another, danced the stately minuet, conducted themselves most demurely and properly.

His Life Unfolded.
It was all a part of the unfolding of Washington's life given in a series of vivid pictures, and with much delightful verity to historical atmosphere.

In the final picture, the immortal Washington among his native Virginia hills, and this is the little bit of fragrant verse that accompanied the pretty life painting:

A home among Virginia hills—
A life of peace, devoid of strife;
A chief, sage, and valiant knight,
A youth who feared not war's alarms,
But yielded, slave to Martha's charms.

In the next scene the grim horrors of war were depicted. There was a splendid background of soldiery. The belles and beaux of a gay social center visited Washington's tent at Newburgh, and the developments that ensued thereupon were graphically shown.

The theater of action changed radically in the next scene, and Betsy Ross assumed the limelight as the heroine. Here a flag was made, a flag with a field of blue and stars of white, and here the proud seamstress was shown in the midst of all her followers, who loved the new banner.

In the calm content of his drawing room in Mount Vernon, Washington was shown in the final picture. His career at his zenith, his cup of happiness filled to overflowing, his cheek flushed with triumph and with the adulation of his countrymen. "The Father of His Country" was pictured in the gentle and beautiful retirement which preceded his death.

Evolution of the Flag.
The evolution of the flag, with its wealth of scenic effect, was the climaxing tableau. The color was brilliant, and the stage management would have done credit to professionals. Applause from a church packed full of eager friends thundered at this excellently conceived picture.

A short address was given by Col. Thomas S. Hopkins, a civil war veteran, on "The meaning of the flag." The event was the most original and successful observance ever held by the Calvary Baptist Church, and the committees in charge are receiving much commendation for their work.

WEATHER CONDITIONS.

U. S. Dept. of Agriculture, Weather Bureau, Bureau of the final picture. His career at his zenith, his cup of happiness filled to overflowing, his cheek flushed with triumph and with the adulation of his countrymen. "The Father of His Country" was pictured in the gentle and beautiful retirement which preceded his death.

Local Temperature.
Midnight, 42°; 2 a. m., 40°; 4 a. m., 37°; 6 a. m., 35°; 8 a. m., 33°; 10 a. m., 31°; 12 noon, 29°; 2 p. m., 27°; 4 p. m., 25°; 6 p. m., 23°; 8 p. m., 21°; 10 p. m., 19°; 12 midnight, 17°.

Temperatures in Other Cities.
Temperatures in other cities, together with amount of rainfall, for the twelve hours ended at 8 p. m. yesterday, are as follows:

	Max.	Min.	5 p. m. fall.
Asheville, N. C.	60	42	54
Atlanta, Ga.	70	56	63
Baltimore, Md.	48	32	40
Boston, Mass.	40	24	32
Buffalo, N. Y.	42	26	34
Chicago, Ill.	40	24	32
Cincinnati, Ohio	38	22	30
Cleveland, Ohio	38	22	30
Denver, Colo.	38	22	30
Des Moines, Iowa	38	22	30
Galveston, Tex.	58	42	50
Houston, Tex.	58	42	50
Indianapolis, Ind.	38	22	30
Jacksonville, Fla.	58	42	50
Kansas City, Mo.	40	24	32
Little Rock, Ark.	40	24	32
Los Angeles, Cal.	62	46	54
Memphis, Tenn.	38	22	30
Mobile, Ala.	58	42	50
New Orleans, La.	58	42	50
New York, N. Y.	40	24	32
Omaha, Neb.	40	24	32
Pittsburgh, Pa.	38	22	30
Portland, Ore.	38	22	30
Portland, Me.	38	22	30
Salt Lake City, Utah	38	22	30
St. Louis, Mo.	38	22	30
St. Paul, Minn.	38	22	30
San Francisco, Cal.	40	24	32

Tide Table.
To-day—High tide, 10:30 a. m. and 10:35 p. m. Low tide, 4:34 a. m. and 5 p. m.
Tomorrow—High tide, 11:19 a. m. and 11:47 p. m. Low tide, 5:22 a. m. and 5:53 p. m.

Condition of the Water.
Special to The Washington Herald.
Ferry, W. Va., Feb. 22.—Both rivers muddied.

KNIGHTS GIVE BALL AT THE ARLINGTON

Second Annual Affair for Charity a Success.

HAVE THE WHOLE FIRST FLOOR

Parlors, Banquet Hall, and Ballroom in Use, and Are Filled with Handsomely Gowned Women and Distinguished Men—Affair is Voted One of Most Successful Ever Given.

The Knights of Columbus gave their second annual charity ball last evening at the Arlington Hotel, the whole first floor of parlors, the banquet hall, and ballroom being in use, and filled with handsomely gowned women and distinguished men.

An orchestra played all the evening, and the ball room was handsomely adorned with flags and other decorations appropriate to the day.

The affair was voted one of the most delightful and successful which the Knights have given. Supper was served in the banquet hall.

Scene Is Brilliant.
The gowns of the women were exceptionally handsome and made the scene a brilliant one. Mrs. Joseph E. Ralph wore a black satin dress, with white bands of cloth of gold. Mrs. Robert Mann, a black messaline dress, gown, and Mrs. E. Chadway was in pink chiffon and lace over pink, with necklace of garnets.

Mrs. Lansburgh wore white satin, embroidered, and diamonds. Mrs. E. J. Keough, black satin and lace, with pearls. Miss Susie Keough wore a dress of black messaline. Mrs. R. L. Graves wore blue satin, trimmed with bands of pale blue and gold embroidery. Miss Lillian Heller wore lavender liberty satin. Mrs. James A. Cahill wore a rich princess gown of coral chiffon cloth over silk of the same shade, with elaborate embroidery of the same shade, and pearls about her neck.

Mrs. Arthur Carroll wore champagne crepe de chine, with inserts of lace, with pearls and diamonds. Miss Minnie Carroll wore a Venetian lace robe over white silk, with touches of pink chiffon veil, and a string of pearls. Mrs. J. W. Beller wore white messaline and Brussels net, made of white, with a pearl collar.

White Lace Robe.
Miss Shaw wore a white lace robe over pink satin. Miss O'Toole wore blue satin, with silver trimmings. Mrs. James F. Hartnett wore a pink silk made empire. Mrs. M. E. O'Connor was in pale blue and tan-colored voile. Miss Mabel Wehrkamp wore an empire gown of yellow satin and lace. Mrs. Wehrkamp wore old rose messaline. Miss Edna Hardy wore an empire, coral satin, trimmed with lace, embroidered, and silver.

Miss Beulah Hardy wore shell pink satin, made of white, with white embroidered net, and a large bunch of violets. Miss Ellen Snyder, of York, Pa., wore a black dress, with white bands of cloth of gold. Mrs. J. W. Beller wore a black dress, with white bands of cloth of gold. Mrs. J. W. Beller wore a black dress, with white bands of cloth of gold.

Mrs. Donovan wore black lace over black satin. Miss Julia Lemmon wore yellow messaline. Miss Annie Lemmon wore cream messaline and lace. Miss Katherine Gwynn, of Syracuse, N. Y., wore a dress of white blue satin, with bands of white tulle, with pearl ornaments.

Over Black Satin.
Mrs. Donovan wore black lace over black satin. Miss Julia Lemmon wore yellow messaline. Miss Annie Lemmon wore cream messaline and lace. Miss Katherine Gwynn, of Syracuse, N. Y., wore a dress of white blue satin, with bands of white tulle, with pearl ornaments.

Mrs. Carroll wore wistaria messaline. Miss Katie Quinn wore wistaria messaline. Miss May Holland was in wistaria messaline, made of white, with white embroidered net, and a large bunch of violets. Miss Pearl Wilson, of Hammondport, N. Y., wore pink chiffon cloth over white satin, with lace. Miss Marie Jenkins wore a white lace robe over white satin. Mrs. L. Baker wore a white lingerie gown, with hand embroidery.

Gray and White.
Miss Marie Baker wore white messaline. Miss Gertrude Rupertus wore a white lace robe over white silk. Mrs. James Sullivan wore white net and lace, with diamonds. Mrs. Scott Brady wore gray and white striped silk, with touches of violet. Miss Bessie O'Hare wore blue messaline empire. Miss Anna Brady wore pink messaline.

Miss Anna Daw was in yellow messaline. Miss Mary Donnelly, yellow satin dress, gown with gold lace, with purple violets and lilies of the valley. Miss Anna McLaughlin wore a dress of pink messaline, trimmed with gold lace and pearls. Miss Abbie Glancy, old rose satin made dress, with gold lace, with silk braid jacket, and diamonds.

Mrs. Edward Voligt wore white satin, embroidered, and diamonds. Mrs. J. A. Balderston, old rose satin dress, gown, with lace and diamonds, and pearl head-dress.

Miss Cecilia Nalley wore rose pink crepe de chine with lace applique. Mrs. Gahn black lace princess gown, trimmed with ribbons. Mrs. A. J. Joy, dress, gown of the new gold-satin, trimmed with gold fringe and embroidery of the same shade. Miss Clara Manderfield, of Philadelphia, sheath gown of white satin, trimmed with crystal, a Grecian bonnet of pearls and brilliants, and her long gloves studded with crystals.

Black Silk and Lace.
Mrs. J. B. Geier wore black silk and lace. Miss Anna Trodden wore pink gray and white striped silk, with touches of violet. Mrs. W. H. Connolly wore a dress of white blue satin, with bands of white tulle, with pearl ornaments.

Mrs. J. P. McGuire wore white crepe de chine with lavender blue fringe, trimmed with lace, and carried violets. Mrs. Harrison Crook wore white messaline, trimmed with ball fringe of silk, and a

**Christian Xander's
mpelos Punch**

The delectable white wine punch for select social functions. Ready for dilution. \$2.50 gal. 50c half gal.

**Christian Xander's
Quality House.**

"Phone M. 274. 909 7th St. N. W."

Tight Squeeze.
From the Chicago News.
Mr. Green (in pet)—Well, Maris, if the shoe fits you, wear it.

Mrs. Green—How absurd, Henry. You know I never wear a shoe that fits me. I always wear a shoe smaller.

ELKS GIVE DANCE.
Entertainment at the Clubhouse in Honor of Washington's Birthday.

The members of the Washington Lodge of Elks celebrated the birthday of George Washington with a dance last evening at their clubhouse.

The ballroom on the third floor was elaborately decorated with the national colors, with a touch of purple and white, the colors of the B. P. O. E. added. Music was furnished by a portion of the Marine Band, and refreshments were served in the ballroom.

Last night's entertainment was the sixth of a series given by the lodge for the benefit of the library fund, and was completely successful.

The Purist at Large.
From the Chicago Tribune.
"Yes, it took me all of five minutes to really get my baller marked the way I wanted it. I never vote straight, anyhow. I'm sure to always split my ticket."

See You're Sure to Split Your Ticket.

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BURTON'S PHRASE CAUSES COMMENT

Cryptic Utterance as to the "Real Culprit."

DECLARES THE STATES REMISS

Points to George Washington as the Seer Who Foresaw the Future Greatness of the American Nation. Declares the Country Is Not for Politicians—Jusserand Speaks.

"The real culprit is not the man who is in politics, but the man who isn't." What did Representative Theodore E. Burton mean when he said this in the course of his address at the Washington Birthday celebration of the Sons of the Revolution at the new Masonic Temple Auditorium yesterday morning?

The Obispo investigated also against that degree of centralization which tends to make sovereign States remiss in handling their own immediate problems if they can "work" Congress for appropriations from the Federal Treasury to do the same things.

Listened Eagerly.
An audience of 700 persons listened eagerly to every word Mr. Burton said, and had no difficulty in interpreting nearly all his clean-cut utterances in an address lasting forty minutes. But the sentence quoted left a lingering idea in the minds of some of his hearers that it intimated more than appeared on the surface.

Whether it was intended as an indirect answer to President Roosevelt's reflections on Congressmen in the Secret Service controversy was not explained.

But in a general way the Ohio member advanced the view that the average citizen should not be prone to condemn men in public life for alleged shortcomings unless the citizen himself was actively doing his part to improve the conditions of which he complained. An aroused public conscience and realization of responsibility is the proper antidote, he suggested, with a few sympathetic side remarks on the political disfranchisement of Washingtonians.

Mr. Burton stuck closely to his theme of "Washington's influence on present day political problems." His finished manner of delivery, no less than his strong patriotic appeal, evoked frequent applause. Early in his remarks, in compliment to the presence of the Italian Ambassador in the city, he alluded to the gift by Congress of \$50,000 for the Messina earthquake sufferers as illustrative of the first President's policy of friendship toward all nations, while refusing to become involved in "entangling alliances."

Seated on the Platform.
William Stone Abert, president of the society, occupied the chair. With him on the platform were Rev. Randolph M. Kim, who delivered the opening prayer; Col. John Tweedale, U. S. A., who read portions of Washington's Farewell Address; the French Ambassador, M. Jusserand; Surgeon Gen. Walter Wyman, of the Public Health and Marine Hospital Service; John Lee Carroll, of Baltimore, president of the national association; Frank W. Hackett, and Archibald Hopkins.

Mr. Burton's subject was "The influence of George Washington on present day political problems." He prefaced his allusions to the political questions of today by a short review of the life of the first President, saying that Washington himself was jealous of the prerogatives of the highest executive when he held that office. Coming then to the subject of centralization in the government, the Senator-elect said:

Sees No Cause for Alarm.
"I can see no cause for alarm over the possibility of the usurpation by one branch of the government of the rights of other co-ordinate branches so long as the duties of each branch are clearly defined and properly attended to. Lax laws drawn by the legislative department will undoubtedly result in a strengthening of the powers of the judicial department when it comes to pass upon them. If Congress gives way too much to the executive, the powers of that office will be increased, and vice versa."

"That scheme of centralization of power in the Federal government which would take away the powers of the State governments is, to my mind, wholly wrong. However, the State governments must do their part. If they are continually seeking aid from the national government in matters they should decide for themselves, it is to be expected that the power of the Federal government will increase by just so much, and centralization is the natural result."

"This country is not for politicians, but for men who are not politicians. But the politicians will gain control if public-spirited citizens do not come to the front and do their share of the work of governing this nation."

Referring to the Congressmen's so-called "royal road to popularity"—an ability to get more money for his locality than his colleagues get—Mr. Burton said: "If I were advising people whom to send to Congress, I should tell them to get the man who will stand firmly against unreasonable appropriations for any particular section of the country, and who will work for the best interests of the nation as a whole."

Ambassador Speaks.
M. Jusserand, French Ambassador, told of the high respect entertained for George Washington by the French students of history and of the great advance he had made in the cause of freedom of the world over.

Mr. Thomas C. Noyes sang "The Star Spangled Banner" by request. Instrumental music was furnished by the Marine Band.

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